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Veterinary Drugs Found in Pharmacies in Turkey

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Abstract

In this study veterinary drugs in RxMediapharma 2017 which actively used in pharmacies in Turkey were scanned. These veterinary drugs offered for sale in pharmacies are given active substances, animals used, drug form, route of application, local or imported. According to this result, Ministry of Health Licensed 1; Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock Licensed 56 local and 23 imported and a total of 79 veterinary drugs were detected. In addition, when the Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock Licensed drugs are grouped according to their pharmacological effects, it is determined that the licensed drug group which has the highest number with 43.75% is antibiotics. Although there are various studies concerning veterinary drug, It is given as Turkey-scale all of these drugs has not been observed in an article expect e-data, and the data collected electronically, has been submitted to any scientific community. For this reason, it is thought that this study, which compiles veterinary drugs emphasizing therapeutic potential, will form the basis for future research.

Keywords: Veterinary drugs, pharmacy, Turkey, Ministry of health, Ministry of food- agriculture and livestock, RxMediapharma,

1. Introduction

Veterinary drugs; is a combination of chemicals and chemical substances used to preserve and improve animal health (Yarsan 2015). Since ancient times, veterinary medicines have been used to treat diseases, to prevent diseases, to increase efficiency, to accelerate the development and growth of animals (Ozturk 2002). Veterinary medicine in which these substances are used has a large number of preparations belonging to various pharmacological groups such as vitamins, mineral supplements, antibiotics, analgesics and electrolytes as well as human medicine (DPT 2001).

In veterinary medicine; the use of medicines for different purposes in the treatment of animal diseases. Therefore, veterinarians; they use the electronic environment in which detailed information about the medicines they use is contained. Although the studies about this issue with some veterinary drugs, veterinary medicines including a drug database through Turkey does not have a working scale. In this study, a drug database that RxMediapharma® 2017, based on the Ministry of Health found in pharmacies in Turkey licensed and Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock subtracting list of licensed veterinary pharmaceutical active ingredients in the content of these drugs, animals are used, drug form, route of administration, local or import status and the location of the treatment.

2. Methods

In this study, based on RxMediapharma® 2017, is located in pharmacies in Turkey in 2017, the Ministry of Health and Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock licensed local and imported veterinary drugs were examined.

3. Results

In this study, according to RxMediapharma® 2017 data, vitamins, mineral supplements, electrolytes, antibiotics (systemic, local), anthelmintics, ectoparasites, antiprotozoals, endectosides, antiinflamatuaries, analgesics, antirheumatic drugs, gastrointestinal system drugs, anticholinergics drugs, analeptic drugs, genitourinary system drugs and sex hormones, hormones, antiseptics and disinfectants, non-therapeutic products are screened and the preparations, the active substances of the preparations, the animals used, the drug form, the route of administration, local or imported status are given in Table 1-17 respectively.

Table 1: Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock (MFAL) Licensed Vitamins

Drugs	Active substances	Animal used of the drugs	Routes of Administration	Local/ Imported
Adevet	Vitamin D ₃ (75.000 IU) Vitamin E (50 IU) Retinol Propionate (500.000 IU)	Horse, Goat, Sheep, Lamb, Rabbit, Capricorn, Cattle	IM (Intramuscular), SC(Subcutaneous)	Local
Ademin Injectable Solution	Vitamin A (500.000 IU) Vitamin E (50 mg) Vitamin D ₃ (75.000 IU)	Veal, Moss, Heifer, Goat, Sheep, Lamb, Rabbit, Cattle	IM, SC	Local
Akavit Oral Powder for Solution	Vitamin K ₃ (10 mg) Retinol Acetate (25.000 IU)	Calf, Chick, Turkey, Goat, Sheep, Lamb, Capricorn, Chicken, Cattle	Oral	Local
Bakosel Soft Gelatin Capsule	Dicalcium phosphate (150 mg) Vitamin E (500 IU) Sodium selenite (2.5 mg) Copper sulphate (10 mg) Cobalt (II) sülfat12.5 mg)	Calf, Beef, Heifer, Moss, Goat, Sheep, Lamb, Capricorn, Cattle	Oral	Local
Berovit B ₁₂ Injectable Solution	D-Pantenol (10 mg) Niasinamit (20 mg) Vitamin B ₁₂ (4 mg) Vitamin B ₁ (5 mg) Vitamin B ₆ (2 mg) Vitamin B ₂ (2 mg)	Calf, Beef, Heifer, Moss, Goat, Sheep, Lamb, Capricorn, Cattle, Cat, Dog, Mandate, Thai, Horse	IM, SC	Local
Injacom-C Injectable Solution	Vitamin C (200 mg)	Horse, Calf, Veal, Heifer, Moss, Goat, Sheep, Cattle, Cat, Dog,	IM	Local
Thiabral Injectable Solution	Vitamin B ₁ (5.75 g) Vitamin B ₆ (0.55 g)	Horse, Calf, Goat, Sheep, Cat, Dog, Cattle, Thai	IV, IM	Local
Yeldif Injectable Suspension	Vitamin B ₁ (40 mg) Vitamin E (60 mg) Sodium selenite (1mg)	Horse, Calf, Goat, Sheep (Pregnant), Lamb, Cattle (Pregnant)	IM, SC	Local

Table 2: MFAL Licensed Mineral Suplements

Drugs	Active substances	Animal used of the drugs	Routes of Administration	Local/ Imported
Kaldif	Boronic Acid (7.29	Goat, Sheep,	IV, SC	Local

Fort	g)	Cattle		
Injectable	Calcium Gluconate			
Solution	(38.71 g)			
	Magnesium			
	Chloride (6.5 g)			
	Calcium Hydroxide			
	(1.32 g)			
Tildren	Tilundronic Acid	Horse	Perfusion, IV	Imported
Injectable	(50 mg)			
Powder				
for				
Solution				

Table 3: MFAL Licensed Electrolytes

Drugs	Active substances	Animal	Routes of	Local / Imported
		used of the	Administration	_
		drugs		
Glutellac	Dextrose	Calf, Cattle	Oral	Imported
Oral Solution	monohydrate (19.5			
	g)			
	Potassium			
	chloride (3.2g)			
	Sodium acetate			
	(18.32 g)			
	Sodium chloride			
	(3.2g)			
	Sodium diacetate			
	(1.6 g)			
Rehydion	Potassium (4.5%)	Calf, Cattle	Oral	Imported
Gel	Sodium (11.5%)			
	Chloride (8.6%)			

Table 4: MFAL Licensed Systemic Antibiotics

Drugs	Active substances	Animal	Routes of	Local/ Imported
		used of the	Administration	
		drugs		
Animar	Trimetoprim	Horse,	IV, IM, SC	Local
Injectable	(40mg)	Beef,		
Solution	Sulfadoxine	Heifer,		
	(200mg)	Moss, Goat,		
		Sheep and		
		Dog		
Biotrin Oral-	Sulfadiazine	Goat,	Oral	Local
Intrauterine	(1000mg)	Sheep, Cat,		
Tablet	Trimethoprim	Calf, Horse		
	(200mg)			
Cenmicin-	Sipektinomycin	Sheep,	Injection and Other	Imported
LC	(100 mg)	Cattle		
Injectable	Linkomycin (50			
Solution	mg)			
Cevaxel Rtu	Ceftiofur (50 mg)	Cattle	SC	Imported
Injectable				
Suspension				

Danomed Oral Powder	Danofloxacin (100mg)	Turkey and Chicken	Oral	Local
for Solution		(fed for meat)		
Devamisin Oral / Intra- uterine Tablet	Chlortetracycline (500 mg)	Horse, Goat, Sheep, Cattle	Oral, Intra-uterine	Local
Diaqua Oral Powder	Sulfadiazine (416.7 mg) Trimetoprim (83.3 mg)	Fish	Oral	Local
Epimycin Powder for Solution	Erythromycin (210 mg)	Chicken	Oral	Local
Ertruth Oral Solution	Erythromycin (350 mg)	Chicken	Oral	Local
Florkem Injectable Solution	Florfenicol	Cattle	IM, SC	Local
Gabbrocol Powder for Oral Solution	Paramomycin(70 mg)	Calf	Oral	Imported
Marbox Injectable Solution	Marbofloxacin	Cattle	IV, IM, SC	Imported
Medicalin Powder for Oral Solution	Lincomycin (%40)	Chicken, Turkey	Oral	Local
Medicamox Powder for Oral Solution	Amoxicillin (500 mg)	Chicken, Turkey (fed for meat)	Oral	Local
Medicatey Powder for Oral Solution	Tylosin (%100)	Chicken, Turkey (fed for meat)	Oral	Local
Mediflor Oral Solution	Florfenicol (300 mg)	Chicken (fed for meat)	Oral	Local
Moksidif La Injectable Suspension	Amoxicillin (150 mg)	Sheep, Cattle	IM	Imported
Neo-500 Powder for Oral Solution	Neomycin(500 mg)	Horse, Turkey, Chicken, Calf, Capricorn, Sheep	Oral	Local
Nuflor Minidose Injectable Solution	Florfenicol (450 mg)	Cattle	IM, SC	Imported
Preventium Powder for	Tiamulin(450 mg)	Chicken, Turkey (fed	Oral	Local

0.101.				
Oral Solution		for meat)		
Proflox	Enrofloxacin (130	Sheep,	IV, IM, SC	Local
Injectable	mg)	Cattle		
Solution				
Spectam	Spectinomycin (50	Lamb, Calf	Oral	Local
Oral Gel	mg)	ŕ		
Sulphamezat	Sulfadimidine (160	Turkey (fed	Oral	Local
hine % 16	mg)	for meat),	0141	20041
Oral Solution	1115)	Goat,		
Of all Solution		Sheep,		
		_		
		Cattle,		
		Chicken		
		(fed for		
		meat)		
Spirovet	Spiramycin	Calf, Cattle	IM	Imported
Injectable	(600.000 IU)			
Solution				
Tenaline La	Oxytetracycline	Goat,	IM	Imported
Injectable	(200 mg)	Cattle,		
Solution	, <i>O</i> ,	Sheep		
Tetradil	Oxytetracycline	Dog,	Oral	Local
Powder	(120 mg)	Calf,		
for Oral	Sulfadimidine	Lamb,		
Solution	(800mg))	Thai		
Tetramed	Tetracycline (500	Turkey,	Oral	Local
Powder for	mg)	Chicken,	Olui	Local
Oral Solution	mg)	Calf		
Tetramezatin	Oxytetracycline	Capricorn,	Oral	Local
Powder for	(0.3 g)	Calf, Dog,	Orai	Local
	, 0,	Lamb, Thai		
Oral Solution	Sulfadimidine (2 g)		IV IM CC	т 1
Tetramisin	Oxytetracycline	Horse, Cat,	IV, IM, SC	Local
Injectable	(30 mg)	Dog		
Solution	Lidocaine (20 mg)			
Tiamvet 100	Tiamulin(10 g)	Chicken	Oral	Imported
Tilocen-20	Tylosin (200 mg)	Cattle,	IM	Imported
Injectable		Sheep		
Solution				
Vetakoksin	Sulfaquinoxaline	Pigeon,	Oral	Local
Oral Solution	(32mg)	Chick,		
		Budgerigar,		
		Parrot,		
		Canary,		
		Pheasant,		
		Chicken		
		(fed for		
		`		
		meat),		
		Turkey (fed		
		for meat)		

Table 5: MFAL Licensed Local Antibiotics

Drugs	Active substances	Animal used of the drugs	Routes of Administration	Local/ Imported
Gentavet-D	Gentamicin (3	Rabbit, Turkey,	Topical	Local

Skin	mg)	Horse, Dog,		
Ointment		Sheep, Goat,		
		Cattle		
Lincogemast	Gentamicin	Cattle	In-breast	Imported
In-breast	(80,000 IU)			
ointment	Linkomycin			
	(250,000 IU)			
	Prednisolone			
	(5mg)			
Piyedif NG	Thiamphenicol	All species	Topical	Imported
Skin Spray	(2.85%)			

 Table 6: MFAL Licensed Antihelmintics

Drugs	Active substances	Animal used	Routes of	Local/Imported
		of the drugs	Administration	
Alenzol/K	Albendazole (375	Sheep	Oral	Local
Tablet	mg)			
Anfenzan	Oxyclozanide (600	Sheep, Cattle	Oral	Local
Tablet	mg)	-		
	Oxfendazole (300			
	mg)			
Fortezol	Oxyclozanide (900	Sheep, Lamb,	Oral	Local
Tablet	mg)	Cattle, Calf,		
	Oxfendazole (450	Beef, Heifers,		
	mg)	Moss		
Levadif	Levamisole (15 g)	Owl, Goose,	Oral	Local
Granule for	_	Budgerigar,		
Oral Solution		Duck, Parrot,		
		Ostrich,		
		Chick		
Levatrizol	Levamisole	Calf,	Oral	Local
Tablet	(375 mg)	Sheep,		
	Triclabendazole	Lamb,		
	(600 mg)	Cattle		
Levazanid	Levamisole (375	Calf, Beef,	Oral	Local
Tablet	mg)	Heifer, Moss,		
	Oxyclozanide (750	Sheep, Cattle		
	mg)			
Mamdezol	Oxyclozanite (750	Calf, Veal,	Oral	Local
Tablet	mg)	Heifer, Moss,		
	Oxfendazole (375	Sheep, Lamb		
	mg)	-		
Nilverm	Levamisole (150	Owl, Goose,	Oral	Local
Powder for	mg)	Budgerigar,		
Oral Solution	_	Duck, Parrot,		
		Ostrich,		
		Chick,		
		Turkey (fed		
		for meat),		
		Chicken (fed		
		for meat),		
1		Pheasant		
		Pheasam		

Tablet	mg) Oxyclozanite (300 mg)			
Okzan-F Tablet	Oxyclozanite (750 mg) Oxfendazole (250 mg)	Sheep, Cattle	Oral	Local
Profender Dripping Solution	Praziquantel (85.8 mg) Emodepsite (21.4 mg)	Cat	Topical, Dermatologic	Imported
Tenyasid Capsule	Pyrantel embonate (144mg) Praziquantel (50 mg) Febantel (150 mg)	Dog	Oral	Local
Vetalben Tablet	Albendazole (200 mg)	Sheep, Cattle	Oral	Local

Table 7: MFAL Licensed Ectoparasiticides

Drugs		Active substances	Animal used	Routes of	Local/
			of the drugs	Administration	Imported
Bayticol	%1	Flumethrin (10 mg)	Cattle	Topical,	Local
Solution	for			Dermatologic	
pouring					
Flugon	%1	Flumethrin (10 mg)	Sheep, Cattle	Topical,	Local
Solution	for			Dermatologic	
pouring				_	

Table 8: MFAL Licensed Antiprotozoals

Drugs	Active	Animal used of	Routes of	Local/Imported
	substances	the drugs	Administration	
Fumidil-B	Fumagillin	Bee	Oral	Local
Powder for	(500 mg)			
Syrup				
Coccil Oral	Toltrazuril (50	Sheep	Oral	Imported
Suspension	mg)			

Table 9: MFAL Licensed Endectocides

Drugs		Active substances	Animal used of the drugs	Routes of Administr ation	
Ultramec	Forte %2	Ivermectin (20	Shhep, Cattle	IM, SC	Local
Injectable	Solution	mg)			
Eprecis	Injectable	Eprinomektin(Cattle	SC	Local
Solution		10 mg)			

Table 10: MFAL Licensed Antiinflammatory, Analgesics and Antirheumatic Drugs

To: Wit AL Licensed Antininaliniatory, Analgesies and Antiniedinatic Diags							
Drugs	Active	Animal used of	Routes of	Local/Imported			
	substances	the drugs	Administr				
			ation				
Vetakort 4 mg	Dexamethason	Horse, Cat, Dog,	IV, IM,	Local			
Injectable Solution	e (4 mg)	Cattle, Thai	SC, IA				

			(Intraartic ular)	
Difaljin Injectable	Metamizole	Heifer, Thai,	IV, IM	Local
Solution	Sodium (500 mg)	Moss, Horse, Dog		
Flunifen Injectable Solution	Flunixin (50 mg)	Horse, Cattle	IV, IM	Imported
Novo-cyan	Metamizole	Horse, Dog, Thai	IM	Local
Injectable Solution	Sodium (5000			
	mg)			
	Lidocaine			
	hydrochloride			
	(1.5%)			
	Vitamin			
	$B_{12}(4000 \text{ mg})$			
	Vitamin			
	$B_1(1000 \text{ mg})$			
	Vitamin B ₆			
	(100 mg)			

Table 11: MFAL Licensed Gastrointestinal System Drugs

Drugs	Active substances	Animal	Routes of	Local/Imported
		used of	Administration	
		the drugs		
Asivet	Simeticone (30 mg)	Horse,	Oral	Local
Emulsion		Goat,		
		Sheep,		
		Cattle,		
		Thai		
Mete Oral	Dimethylpolysiloxane	Horse,	Oral	Local
Emulsion	(%2.5)	Calf, Goat,		
		Sheep,		
		Thai		

Table 12: MFAL Licensed Anticholinergic Drugs

Drugs		Active	Animal used	Routes	of	Local / Imported
		substances	of the drugs	Administration		
Vetaş	Atropin	Atropine	Horse, Calf,	IV, SC		Local
%2 Inj	jectable	Sulfate	Goat, Sheep,			
Solution			Beef, Heifer,			
			Moss,			
			Capricorn			

 Table 13: MFAL Licensed Analeptic Drugs

Drugs	Active substances	Animal used of the drugs	Routes o Administration	f Local/ Imported
Kafedif Injectable Solution	Caffeine (250 mg) Sodium Benzoate (350 mg)	Horse, Goat, Cat, Cattle, Dog	SC	Local

Table 14: MFAL Licensed Genito Urinary System Drugs and Sex Hormones

Drugs	Active substances	Animal used of	Routes of Administration	Local/Imported
		the drugs		
Enzaprost-T	Dinoprost (5	Horse,	IM	Imported
Injectable	mg)	Cattle		
Solution				
Prid-delta	Progesterone	Cattle	Intravaginal	Imported
İntravajinal	(1.55 g)		_	

Table 15: MFAL Licensed Hormones

Drugs	Active substances	Animal used of the drugs	Routes of Administration	Local/Imported
Ovarelin Injectable Solution	Gonadorelin diacetate tetrahydrate (50 mcg)	Cattle	IV, IM	Imported
Regulin Implant	Melatonin (18 mg)	Sheep	SC	Imported

Table 16: MFAL Licensed Non-Therapeutic Products

Drugs	Active	Animal	Routes of	Local/Imported
	substances	used of the	Administration	
		drugs		
Cevamune	Patent Blue V	Owl, Chick,	Oral	Imported
Effervescent	(1200 mg)	Ostrich,		
tablet	Sodium	Dogan,		
	Thiosulfate	Pigeon,		
	(1500 mg)	Canary,		
		Pheasant,		
		Love Bird,		
		Duck,		
		Parrot,		
		Hawk,		
		Goose,		
		Chicken		

Table 17: Ministry of Health Licensed Antiseptics and Disinfectants

Drugs	Active	Microorganisms	Routes of	Local/Imported
	substances	that drugs is	Administration	
		effective		
Dezen %20	Benzalkonium	E.coli, S.aureus,	Surface (Sliding,	Local
Solution	Chloride (20%)	P.aeruginosae,	Spraying, Dipping)	
		C.albicans,		
		S.pyogenes		

(RxMediapharma 2017) Percentage distributions of the preparations according to pharmacological groups are given in Figure 1.

In this study, Ministry of Health Licensed 1; The Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock has registered 79 veterinary drugs, 56 of which are local and 23 of which are imported. The Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock Licensed and Ministry of Health lists 80 licensed preparations and describes the active

substances, animals used, drug form, route of application, local or imported status contained in the preparations. There are also 364 Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock Marketing Permits and 298 Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs licensed drugs that are not included in the scope of the study. Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock Ministry of Health, when the licensed drugs are grouped according to their pharmacological effects, the licensed drug group which has the highest number with 43.75% is antibiotics and this percentage is shown by the percentages that anthelmintics followed by 16.25%. Vitamins with a ratio of 10%; Antiinflammatory Analgesic Antirheumatic Drugs in a ratio of 5%; Mineral Supports, Electrolytes, Ectoparasites, Gastrointestinal System Drugs, Hormones, Genitourinary System Drugs and Sex Hormones; Anticholinergic Drugs, Analeptic Drugs, Antiseptic and Disinfectants and Non-Therapeutic Products were observed in 1.25% (Figure 1).

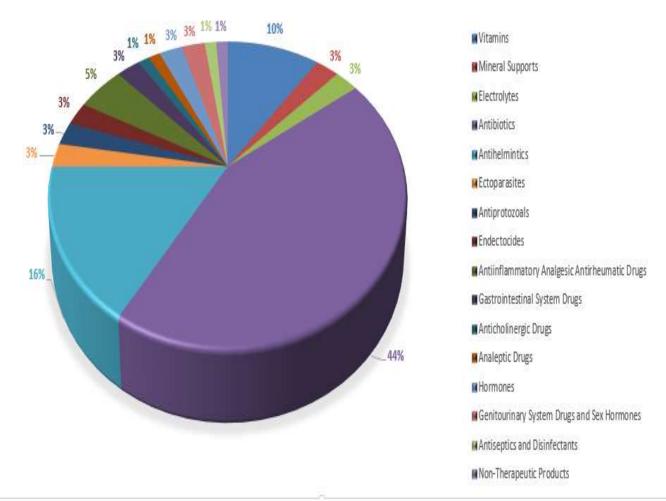


Figure 1: Distribution chart of the Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock licensed drugs of the according to pharmacological groups

4. Discussion and Conclusion

In veterinary medicine; the use of medicines in order to serve different purposes, especially in the treatment of animal diseases (Yarsan 2015). When the history of veterinary drug use in the world is examined, it is not known how and how veterinary drugs are used for the first time, but it is accepted that they have been used since the localation of animals (Ozturk 2002). After the localation of animals, it has been seen in various books where veterinary drug recipes have been developed and used since ancient times. One of these books, İbn Baytar, was mentioned together with veterinary and human envi- ronment drugs in the "Kitab al-Cami fi-l-Adviya al-Mufrada" (Asil 2001, Baytop 1985, Erk 1955, Sarton 1950). It is noteworthy that in some of the works called "Baytarname" the information about the veterinary medicine belonging to the Islamic Civilization Age is reached and the information about how and how the medicines can be used in some ways is presented with pictorial descriptions (Dincer and Erk 1967, Dincer 1982). Considering the history of veterinary drug use in Turkey in 1842 opened the first Veterinarians have begun to use drugs with the school, although the sectoral sense of progress after 1950 as başlamıştır.1950'l year has also increased the veterinary drug production with the increase of local pharmaceutical factories (Ozturk 2002).

Production and licensing of veterinary medicines in our country is carried out by the Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock and the Ministry of Health. The production and use of unlicensed veterinary medicines from the Ministry is legally prohibited. The license of the licensed drug is canceled when it is considered inadequate in terms of efficiency and safety. The availability of licensed veterinary medicines, pharmacy and clinic sales areas may be possible with quality, reliability and efficacy criteria (3). Ministry of Health Licensed 1 in our work; The Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock has registered 79 veterinary drugs, 56 of which are local and 23 of which are imported. There are also 364 Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock Marketing Permits and 298 Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs licensed drugs that are not included in the scope of the study.

In addition, the use of veterinary medicines on the market in veterinarian control and in the counseling of pharmacists who have been trained in this field is extremely important in terms of community health. Unconscious use of these drugs can have serious consequences. For this reason, it is necessary for the veterinarians to record the disease situation in animals, the effect of the applied drugs, the dosage and the frequency of application, the information about the target animal and the indication status in electronic form. This study used in pharmacies in Turkey rxmediapharma® maintained under active electronically scanned and recorded using a 2017 veterinary drugs have been listed. According to this result, the most licensed drug group is antibiotics and this is followed by anthelmintics, vitamins, antiinflamatuar analgesic antirheumatic drugs, mineral supplements, electrolytes, ectoparasitists, gastrointestinal system drugs, hormones, genitourinary system drugs and sex hormones, anticholinergic drugs, antiseptic and disinfectants and non-therapeutic products have been identified.

In the framework of the results obtained from this research in our country in the field of animal health, animal diseases and drug database that is used to perform an effective fight against pests (rxmediapharma®) organized by reference, veterinary medicines that are available in pharmacies in Turkey and their active substances, animals used drugs form, method of administration, local or imported situation is considered as the first work in the collective, given that veterinarians and pharmacists are expected to provide great benefits for their work. This research is thought to be a source of hope in protecting society and animal health, together with future work in this regard.

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